



# Operating and Assembly Instructions Incremental Encoder FG 2

Read the Operating and Assembly Instructions prior to assembly, starting installation and handling! Keep for future reference!



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# HUBNER

## **Incremental Encoder FG 2**

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## https://iq.ulprospector.com/info

**UL File Number: E351535** 

Туре	UL model No.
FG 2	FG 2 AK-XXXX
FG2 Option S	FG 2 AK-XXXX-S
FG2 KK	FG 2 AKK-XXXX
FG2 mit LWL	FG 2 AL-XXXX

Subject to errors and changes due to technical improvements.

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## 1 General

## 1.1 Information about the Operating and Assembly Instructions

These Operating and Assembly Instructions provide important instructions for working with the device. They must be carefully read prior to starting all tasks, and the instructions contained herein must be followed.

In addition, applicable local regulations for the prevention of industrial accidents and general safety regulations must be complied with.

## 1.2 Scope of delivery

Incremental Encoder FG 2, Operating and Assembly Instructions.

## 1.3 Explanation of symbols

Warnings are indicated by symbols in these Operating and Assembly Instructions. The warnings are introduced by signal words that express the scope of the hazard.

The warnings must be strictly heeded; you must act prudently to prevent accidents, personal injury, and property damage.



#### **WARNING!**

Indicates a possibly dangerous situation that can result in death or serious injury if it is not avoided.



## **CAUTION!**

Indicates a possibly dangerous situation that can result in minor injury if it is not avoided.



## **CAUTION!**

Indicates a possibly dangerous situation that can result in material damage if it is not avoided.



#### NOTES!

Indicates useful tips and recommendations as well as information for efficient and trouble-free operation.



## **NOTES!**

Do not use a hammer or similar tool when installing the device due to the risk of damage occurring to the bearings or coupling!



## **DANGER!**

## Life-threatening danger due to electric shock!

Indicates a life-threatening situation due to electric shock. If the safety instructions are not complied with there is danger of serious injury or death. The work that must be executed should only be performed by a qualified electrician.

## 1.4 Disclaimer

All information and instructions in these Operating and Assembly Instructions have been provided under due consideration of applicable guidelines, as well as our many years of experience.

The manufacturer assumes no liability for damages due to:

- Failure to follow the instructions in the Operating and Assembly Instructions
- Non-intended use
- Deployment of untrained personnel
- Opening of the device or conversions of the device

In all other aspects the obligations agreed in the delivery contract as well as the delivery conditions of the manufacturer apply.

## 1.5 Copyright

## NOTES!



Content information, text, drawings, graphics, and other representations are protected by copyright and are subject to commercial property rights.

It is strictly forbidden to make copies of any kind or by any means for any purpose other than in conjunction with using the device without the prior written agreement of the manufacturer. Any copyright infringements will be prosecuted.

#### 1.6 Guarantee terms

The guarantee terms are provided in the manufacturer's terms and conditions.

## 1.7 Customer service

For technical information personnel is available that can be contacted by telephone, fax or email. See manufacturer's address on page 2.

## 2 Safety



## **DANGER!**

This section provides an overview of all the important safety aspects that ensure protection of personnel, as well as safe and trouble-free device operation. If these safety instructions are not complied with significant hazard can occur.

## 2.1 Responsibility of the owner

The device is used in commercial applications. Consequently the owner of the device is subject to the legal occupational safety obligations and subject to the safety, accident prevention and environmental protection regulations that are applicable for the device's area of implementation.

#### 2.2 Personnel

Installation and commissioning as well as disassembly routines must be carried out by skilled technical staff only.



#### 2.3 Intended use

The device has been designed and constructed exclusively for the intended use described here.

Series FG 2 Incremental Encoders are used for measurement of rotations, for instance of electrical and mechanical drives and shafts.

Claims of any type due to damage arising from non-intended use are excluded; the owner bears sole responsibility for non-intended use.

#### For UL and CSA:

For the use in NFPA 79 applications only.

## **Option S**

The FG 2 with option S has in addition to the incremental output a switching output.

The incremental encoder FG 2 with option S has been designed and constructed exclusively for the intended use described here.

Series FG 2 with option S Incremental Encoders are used for speed monitoring, for instance of electrical and mechanical drives, hoisting gear and conveying machines.

The FG 2 with option S is a device, which generates a switching signal for a superior control system. This is realized with opening of a switch contact.

Claims of any type due to damage arising from non-intended use are excluded; the owner bears sole responsibility for non-intended use.

## 2.4 Improper use



#### Warning:

This device is not intended for use in residential areas and cannot ensure adequate protection of radio reception in such environments.

- Do not use the device in potentially explosive areas.
- The device must not be subjected to mechanical loads in addition to its own weight and unavoidable vibration and shock loads that arise during normal operations.

Examples for non-permitted mechanical loads (incomplete list):

- Fastening transport or lifting tackle to the device, for example a crane hook to lift a motor.
- Fastening packaging components to the device, for example ratchet straps, tarpaulins etc.
- Using the device as a step, for example by people to climb onto a motor.

## 2.5 Personal protective equipment

For tasks such as assembly, disassembly or commissioning the use of personal protective equipment such as safety footwear and protective work clothing is required.

The regulations specified by the owner and that are locally specified apply.

## 2.6 Special dangers

Residual risks that have been determined based on a risk assessment are cited below.

#### 2.6.1 Electrical current

#### **DANGER!**

## Life-threatening danger due to electrical shock!

There is an imminent life-threatening hazard if live parts are touched. Damage to insulation or to specific components can pose a life-threatening hazard.



#### Therefore:

Immediately switch off the device and have it repaired if there is damage to the insulation of the power supply.

De-energize the electrical equipment and ensure that all components are connected for all tasks on the electrical equipment.

Keep moisture away from live parts. Moisture can cause short circuits.

## 2.6.2 Rotating shafts / hot surfaces

#### **WARNING!**

## Danger of injury due to rotating shafts and hot surfaces!

Touching rotating shafts can cause serious injuries.

#### Therefore:



Do not reach into moving parts/shafts or handle moving parts/shafts during operation. Close to protect from injury all access openings in flanges with the corresponding plug screw, and provided you exposed rotating components with protective covers.

Do not open covers during operation. Prior to opening the covers ensure that all parts have come to a standstill.

The encoder can become hot during prolonged use.

In case of contact risk of burns is existing.

#### 2.6.3 Safeguarding against restart

## DANGER!



#### Life-threatening danger if restarted without authorization!

When correcting faults there is danger of the power supply being switched on without authorization.

This poses a life-threatening hazard for persons in the danger zone.

#### Therefore:

Prior to starting work, switch off the system and safeguard it from being switched on again.

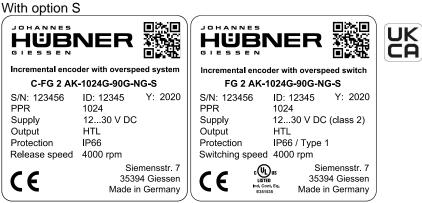


## **Technical Data**

## 3.1 Type plate

Below are some nameplates for different device models shown. Without option S or LWL





The type plate and UKCA label are located on the side of the housing. Type plate information:

Englisch	Deutsch
Manufacturer, address	Hersteller, Anschrift
Type:Incremental Encoder, Year of manufacture	Typ: Inkrementaler Drehgeber, Baujahr
CE mark	CE-Kennzeichnung
Serial number (S/N)	Seriennummer (S/N)
Pulse rate	Impulszahl
Degree of protection	Schutzart
Supply voltage	Versorgungsspannung
Outputs	Ausgänge
Max. speed	Max. Drehzahl
Switching speed	Schalterdrehzahl
Certification (only encoders with UL)	Zertifizierung (nur Drehgeber mit UL)
QR-Code	QR-Code

## 3.2 Electrical and mechanical data

Pulse Rates	600, 1024, 2048, others on request		
Connection data			
Supply voltage	12 V30 VDC Ripple max. 10 % For UL and CSA Class 2 supplied		
No load-current	approx. 50 mA at 24 V		
Connection	screw-type terminal Ty (0,25 mm <sup>2</sup> - 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup> )	pe Phoenix ZFKDS 1	1,5-W-5,08
Connection (Option fiber optic)	St-fiber optic plug		
Outputs	Current limited, short-c	ircuit proof push-pull	line driver
Pulse height (HTL)	approx. as supply volta output saturation voltage	-	4
Output current per output	150 mA peak		
Internal resistance	75 Ω at 24 V		
Slew rate	200 V / μs with C <sub>L</sub> 100 pF		
Duty cycle	1:1±5%		
Square wave displacement 0°, 90°	90° ± 5 %		
Max. frequency	200 kHz		
Start-up time	< 50 ms		
Encoder temperature range	-25°C + 85°C		
Special Encoder temperature range	-40°C + 85°C		
Degree of protection acc.DIN EN 60529	Sealing Rotor moment of Breakaway torque		•
IP 66 (UL and CSA Type 1)	with radial shaft seal	approx. 100 gcm <sup>2</sup>	approx. 3 Ncm
Vibration resistance	DIN EN 60068-2-6 / IEC 68-2-6 (10 20 g (=200 m/s²)		
Shock resistance	DIN EN 60068-2-27 / IEC 68-2-27 (6 ms) 200 g (=2000 m/s²)		
Max. encoder shaft load	$F_{a, max.}$ (axial) = 100 N $F_{r, max.}$ (radial) = 120 N		
Shaft dimensions	11j6 x 30 mm		
Mech. permissible speed	≤ 7000 rpm		

The FG 2 is categorized in Group 1 and Class A in accordance with EN 55011 and is only intended for use in an industrial environment.



Signal o	outputs
Basic version Basic channel 0° (A) and pulse channel 90° (B) Internal system diagnostics with error output (ERROR) Each with inverted signals	90° 1111 0° 1111
Option N Reference pulse (N) mechanically defined; one square-wave pulse per revolution; with inverted signal	<u>N</u>

## 4 Overview additional options

## 4.1 Option S (overspeed switch)

The incremental encoder FG 2 with option S has an insulated switching output. The switching function is realized with a semiconductor, the switching speed is set in our factory (switching hysteresis 10%).

If the set switching speed is exceeded, the switch opens.

It is recommended to save the switch circuit against an overcurrent with a fuse (0,5A).

Specification	Value
Deviation from switch:	Accuracy of measurement: 2% Switching time T <sub>Sw</sub> :<3ms
Switch data	030V DC/max 500mA Max. voltage drop at closed switch: 0,7V

## 4.2 Option LWL (signal transmission using fiber optics)

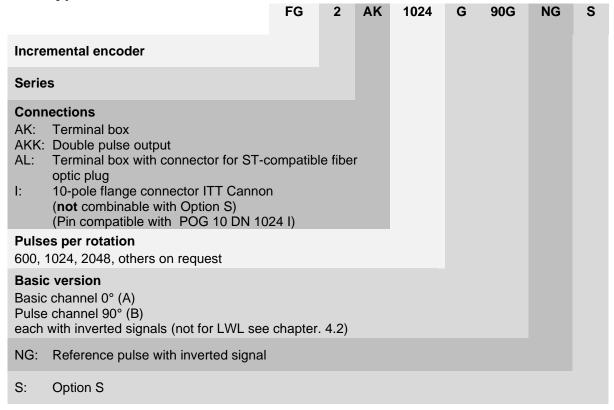
The signals 0°, 90° and marker pulse from the incremental encoder will be encoded and transmitted via fiber optics cable. Fiber optic cable types  $50/125~\mu m$  or  $62,5/125~\mu m$  are available.

## 4.3 Option AKK (double pulse output)

Incremental encoder with optic scanning in redundant design. This provides the following combinations of the output signals.

FG(HJ) 2	Output 1 (Basic unit)	Output 2 (double pulse output)
Redundant (number of pulses)	1024	1024
Redundant (number of pulses)	2048	2048
Combined (number of pulses)	1024	2048

## 4.4 Type code



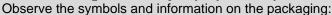


## 5 Transport, packaging and storage

## 5.1 Safety instructions for transport

## **CAUTION!**

## Material damage caused by improper transport!



- Do not throw risk of breakage
- Keep dry
- Do not expose to heat above 40 °C or direct sunlight.

## 5.2 Goods inward inspection

Check the delivery immediately upon receipt for transit damage or short delivery.

Inform the carrier immediately on receipt if you determine that damage has occurred during transit (take photos as proof).

## 5.3 Packaging / disposal

The packaging is not taken back and must be disposed of in accordance with the respective statutory regulations and local guidelines.

## 5.4 Storage of packages (devices)



## Keep dry!

Keep packages dry and free from dust; protect from moisture.



## Protect against heat!

Protect packages from heat above 40 °C and direct sunlight.

If you intend to store the device for a longer period of time (> 6 months) we recommend you use protective packaging (with desiccant).



#### NOTES!

Turn the shaft of the device every 6 month to prevent the bearing grease solidifying!



## 6 Installation and commissioning

## 6.1 Safety instructions

#### **Personnel**

Installation and commissioning must be carried out by skilled technical staff only.



#### **WARNING!**

Observe the safety instructions contained in Chapter 2 when dismantling the device!

## 6.2 Technical information



## NOTES!

Do not use a hammer or similar tool when installing the device due to the risk of damage occurring to the bearings or coupling!

#### **Ambient temperature**

The max. permissible ambient temperature depends on the speed and degree of protection of the device, the signal frequency, the length of the signal cable and the place of installation (please refer to Chapter 3.2).

## **Degree of protection**

To fulfil degree of protection requirements the diameter of the connection cable must correspond to that of the cable gland (please refer to Chapter 12 Dimension drawings)!

#### Deep groove ball bearings

FG 2 incremental encoders are fitted with maintenance-free, greased "for-life" deep groove bearings. Bearings must be changed by the manufacturer only. Opening the encoder renders the guarantee null and void.

## **Screw retention**

We recommend using Loctite® 243 threadlocker (medium strength) on all fastening screws to prevent loosening.

## 6.3 Required tools

Spanners: 10 mm, 22 mmAllen keys: 2 mm, 3 mm

Flat-blade screwdrivers:

Assembly grease

Loctite<sup>®</sup> 243 (medium strength threadlocker)



## 6.4 Mounting preparations

1. Ensure all accessories are available (please refer to Chapter 12 Dimension drawings).

## NOTES!

Fastening screws and earth cable are not included in the range of supply.

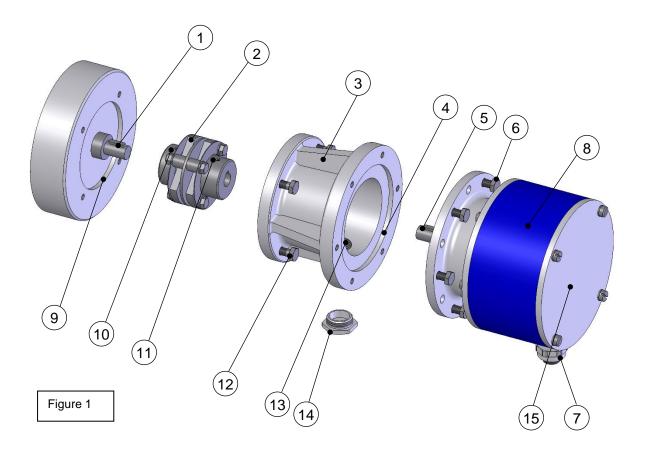
2. Preparing the place of attachment: Clean the (motor) shaft, centering, bolting surfaces and fastening threads; check for damage. Repair any damage!

## 6.5 Mounting the encoder



## NOTES!

For a mounting example please refer to dimension drawing HM 11 M 104353 Chapter 12





- 2. Fit coupling (2) onto (motor) shaft.
  - 9

#### NOTES!

You must be able to mount the coupling without force. Ream out the bores of used couplings, if necessary!

- 3. Secure the coupling hub on the (motor) shaft with a grub screw or cheese head screw (10) (depending on the coupling type).
- 4. Fasten the intermediate flange (3) to the motor using the fastening screws (12).

#### **NOTES!**

If possible, fit the intermediate flange in a manner that ensures the screwed sealing plug (14) points downwards!

- 5. Lightly grease the encoder shaft (5) and centering (4).
- 6. Fit the encoder (8) into both the centering (4) and coupling hub at the same time.

#### NOTES!

You must be able to mount the coupling without force. Ream out the bores of used couplings, if necessary!



#### NOTES!

If possible, fit the device in a manner that ensures the cable gland (7) points downwards.

- 7. Secure the encoder with 6 screws (6).
- 8. Remove the sealing plug (14) from the access bore (13) to the coupling.
- 9. Secure the coupling hub on the encoder shaft with a grub screw or cheese head screw (11) (depending on the coupling type).

## **NOTES!**

To carry out this task, it may be necessary to turn the (motor) shaft to the correct position.

10. Replace the sealing plug (14) to seal the access bore to the coupling.



## 6.6 Mounting tolerances

## NOTES!

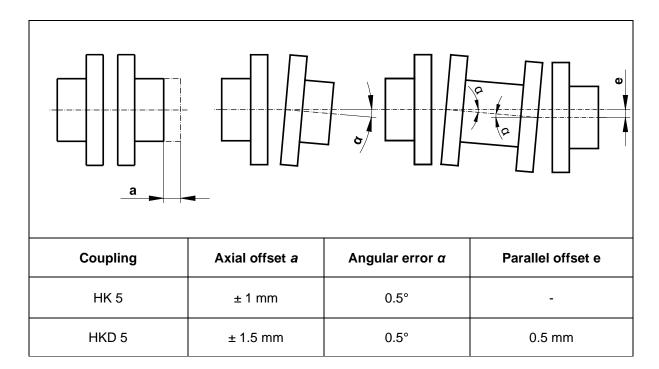
Angle misalignment and parallel displacement between the (motor) shaft and the encoder shaft are mounting errors and should be kept as small as possible.

# $\int_{1}^{\infty}$

## **Mounting errors**

- Cause radial forces to act on the encoder shaft.
- Reduce the service life of the bearings and the coupling.
- Degrade the quality of the signals (harmonic content).

Mounting tolerances for our zero-backlash, torsion-resistant couplings HK 5 and HKD 5:



## 6.7 Installation

## 6.7.1 General rules

## NOTES!

In environments with high drive power, external systems can generate high electromagnetic emissions. Adverse effects on FG 2 operation can be avoided by observing the following guidelines:

- Uninterrupted, low-resistance machine grounding must be ensured across all
  parts of a plant. Ensure that the connections have good electrical contact. Poor
  conductivity can be caused, for example, by paint, lubricants, corrosion or similar.
  In practice, large cable cross-sections are required for low-resistance machine
  grounding.
- Generous mounting distances must be maintained from actuators with a high energy density, such as contactors, inverters, motors, solenoid valves and brakes.
- Shielding of cables must be carried out professionally, for example between the inverter and motor. Please observe the manufacturer's specifications.
- Inductances of relays, contactors, solenoid valves or brakes should be wired with suppressors. To prevent conducted interference coupling, this is necessary for relays or contactors that are connected directly to the inputs or outputs (IO). To prevent interference coupling via the air path, this also applies to all inductances in the near field of the installation. Suppressors must be connected directly to the coil: RC elements or varistors for operation with alternating current (AC) and freewheeling diodes or varistors for operation with direct current (DC), whereby freewheeling diodes are preferable.
- The FG 2 is operated with low voltage of up to 30 V. To avoid interference
  coupling via the air path, it is important to plan cable routes with sufficient
  distance to power lines in accordance with the following diagram. This generally
  applicable diagram is to be used for all connections inside and outside control
  cabinets.

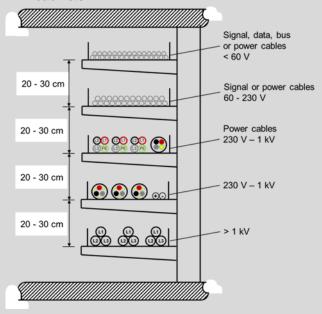


Figure : Scheme for planning cable routes

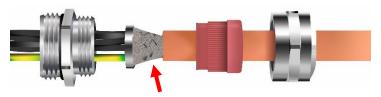


## 6.7.2 Connecting

- Sufficient dimensioning of the power supply.
- The conductor cross-section of the power supply cable must be designed so that
  the maximum voltage drop is less than 3 V. A wire cross-section of 0.75 mm<sup>2</sup> is
  recommended. Permissible cable diameter: 6,5...9,5 mm.
   (Cable diameter for UL-listed devices 8...9,5 mm).
- A DC distribution network can comprise considerable cable lengths, which may
  be subject to interference. It is recommended that the FG 2 is not operated on a
  heavily disturbed DC distribution network. If necessary, a separate power supply
  should be provided. To minimize interference, the DC distribution should be
  connected to the power supply unit in a star configuration and with symmetrical
  routing of the forward and return conductors (as a "twisted pair" or as a cable).
- A shielded supply cable must be used for the electrical connection. The cable shield must be connected to the machine grounding on both sides. Shield connection terminals must be used to connect the cable shielding to a large surface area in the switch cabinet. The same applies to the shielding of signal cables.
- A cable for connecting to ground potential must be connected to the ground terminal of the FG 2, if not already pre-assembled (max. tightening torque 2.0 Nm).
- A flat grounding strap consisting of fine stranded wire with a minimum crosssection of 6 mm<sup>2</sup> must be used for grounding.
- The grounding strap must be permanently and permanently connected to a lowimpedance, nearby grounding point on the system side. The grounding point must be bare metal, free of paint, non-conductive surface finishes, grease, oil and corrosion. The length of the grounding strap should not exceed 2 m.



## 6.7.3 Shield contacting for EMC cable gland with cone



Example -Figure: Cable gland with cone

The shield is placed on the cone. The insulation must be removed at this point. The shielding must remain intact in this area and must not be damaged.

#### 6.7.4 Connecting the fiber optic cable

The fiber optic cable is inserted into the terminal box of the FG 2 via the second cable gland and is connected to a ST plug at the fiber optic output. Several sealing inserts for different cable diameters are included with the basic unit for the FO cable gland. The outer sheath of the fiber optic cable must be firmly seated in the sealing insert of the cable gland. In the terminal box, the fiber optic cable without an outer sheath must be laid in a loop without kinks.



Figure: Fiber optic cable and supply cable in the terminal box of the FG 2

For fixed cable installations, either a non-slotted or a slotted sealing insert in the sizes 2 x 3 mm, 1 x 5...8 mm, 1 x 7...10.5 mm can be used in the cable gland of the fiber optic cable. The non-slotted sealing insert requires a tool to fit the ST plug due to the narrow internal diameter. Slotted sealing inserts enable device installation with pre-assembled fiber optic cables.

#### **ATTENTION!**



UL-/CSA-conformity is only given for the non-slotted sealing insert (pre-assembled). When using a slotted sealing insert (enclosed), the UL-/CSA test mark must therefore be covered with the enclosed sticker.



## 6.8 Electrical connection and start up

#### NOTES!

You must observe applicable EMC guidelines when routing cables!

## **NOTES for UL and CSA!**

Do only use copper cables!

## 6.8.1 Preparing cables

- 1. Strip cable insulation. The cable for the signal and supply line is shielded, the cable for the option S and the cable for LWL will not be shielded.
- 2. Crimp wire-end ferrules.

#### 6.8.2 Electrical connection

1. Open the terminal box cover (15, Fig.1).



#### **CAUTION!**

Do not allow moisture to enter the terminal box when the cover is open!

- 2. Remove the cap of the cable glands (17, Fig.1).
- 3. Feed the cable into the terminal box trough the cable glands.

## NOTES!



The signal cable shielding has to be connected directly to the housing via the EMC cable

To achieve an effective shielding the cable shield must also be connected in the electrical cabinet.

4. Tighten the cable gland using a spanner.

## NOTES!

Prior to delivery cable glands and blanking plugs are tightened finger tight only. To ensure that the terminal box is reliably sealed tighten all cable glands and blanking plugs before starting up for the first time.

5. Use a spanner to tighten the cable gland until the cables are securely clamped and properly sealed.

#### NOTES!

Prevent lateral pulling forces acting on the cable so as not to impair the degree of protection of the cable gland.

6. Connect the supply voltage, the signal cable and possibly option S (please refer to the connection diagrams, Chapter 13).



#### **CAUTION!**

Do not apply supply voltage to the signal outputs, as this will destroy the device!

7. Close the terminal box cover.



#### NOTES!

Before closing the terminal box cover check and if necessary clean both seal surfaces and the gasket.



#### **CAUTION!**

Ensure when closing the terminal box cover that no cable becomes jammed.

For encoders with option S only:

- 1. Remove the blind plug from inside of the housing
- 2. Remove the cable gland
- 3. Close the opening with the blind plug

## 7 Dismantling

## 7.1 Safety instructions

## **Personnel**

Dismantling must be carried out by skilled technical staff only.



## **WARNING!**

Observe the safety instructions contained in Chapter 2 when dismantling the device!



#### NOTES!

Do not use a hammer or similar tool when dismantling the device due to the risk of damage occurring to the bearings or coupling!

## 7.2 Dismantling the encoder

Disconnect all electrical cable prior to beginning any work.

To dismantling the encoder follow the instructions given in Chapter 6.5 in the reverse order.



## 8 Faults

## 8.1 Faults table

Faults	Possible cause	Remedy
	No supply voltage <u>Control</u> : LED in the terminal box does not shine	Check connection cable and supply voltage
Switch does not close (only by option S)	Error LED does not shine: Rotation speed above the switching speed	Adjust the suitable rotation speed
	Error LED is shining: Evaluation of rotation speed is faulty.	Disconnect power supply and switch on again
	Soiled terminal box gasket or seal surfaces	Clean terminal box gasket and seal surfaces
	Damaged terminal box gasket	Replace terminal box gasket
Moisture in the terminal box	Cable gland/blanking plug not tightened	Tighten cable gland/blanking plug
	Unsuitable cable for cable gland	Use suitable cable and cable glands
No output signals	Supply voltage not connected	Connect supply voltage
	Connection cable reversed	Wire correctly
	Unsuitable cable	Use data cable with conductors arranged as twisted pairs and common shield
Output signals subject to interference	Cable shield not connected	Connect cable shield at both ends
	Cable routing not EMC compliant	Observe applicable EMC guidelines when routing cables
	Signal end stage overloaded	Check pin assignment; observe connection diagram
Signal interruptions		Do not assign unused outputs
	Outputs short-circuited	Do not connect outputs with supply voltage or GND
Contact Hubner-Service (	page 2) if none of the remedies liste	ed above provides a solution!

## 9 Inspections

## 9.1 Safety instructions



## **WARNING!**

Skilled technical staff only are permitted to inspect the device and its installation. Observe the safety instructions contained in **Chapter 2** when inspecting or working on the device!

## 9.2 Maintenance information

The device is maintenance-free. However, to guarantee optimum fault-free operations we recommend that you carry out the following inspections.

## 9.3 Inspection schedule

Interval	Inspections
Yearly	Inspect the coupling for damage and ensure it is free of play
	Ensure the fastening screws are properly tightened
	Ensure cable connections and connection terminals are securely seated
Following approx 16 000 – 20 000 hours of operation / higher levels of continuous load	Check deep groove ball bearings are running smoothly and listen for running noises
For FC 2 with	ontion S, no extra inspection is required

#### For FG 2 with option S, no extra inspection is required.

## 10 Disposal

## 10.1 Disposal procedure

The manufacturer is not obliged to take back the device.

The device is classed as electronic equipment and subject to the WEEE Directive; observe local, country-specific laws when disposing of the device.

For information on environmentally sound disposal please contact your local authority or a specialist disposal company.



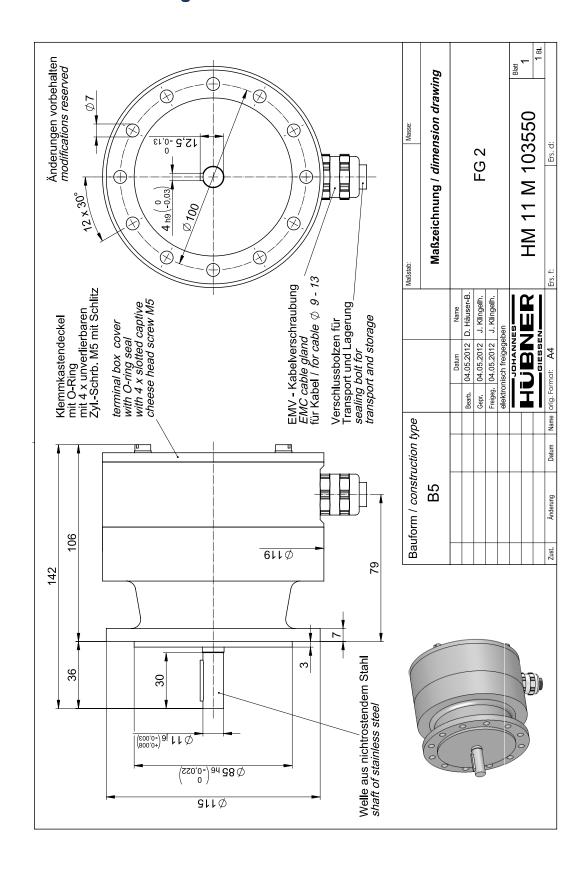
# 11 Replacement parts

The replacement parts listed below can be obtained via the service address on page 2.

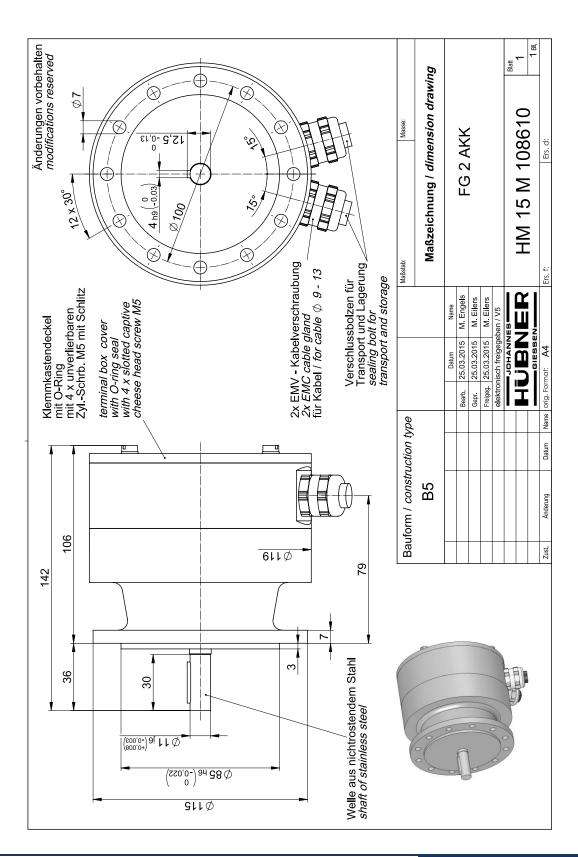
Replacement parts	Comment
EMC cable gland	M 20 x 1.5, cable Ø 913 mm
Terminal box cover	Including O-Ring and screws
Screw plug	For closing the access to the coupling
10-pole angle connector, complete	



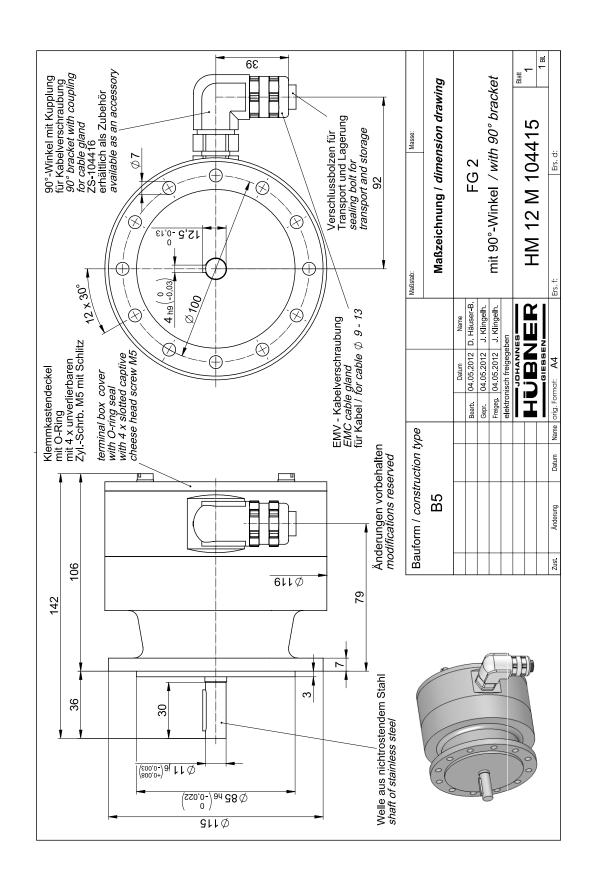
## 12 Dimension drawings



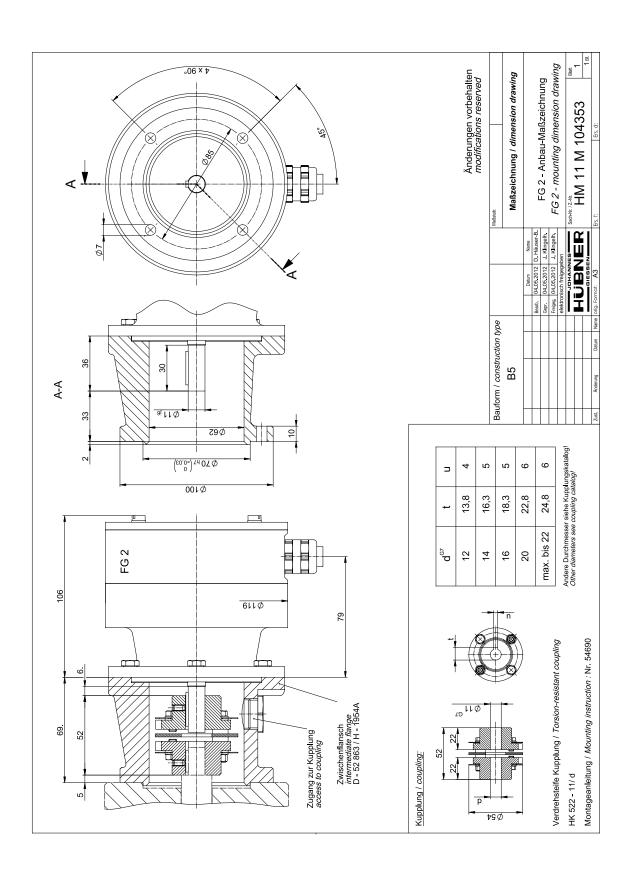




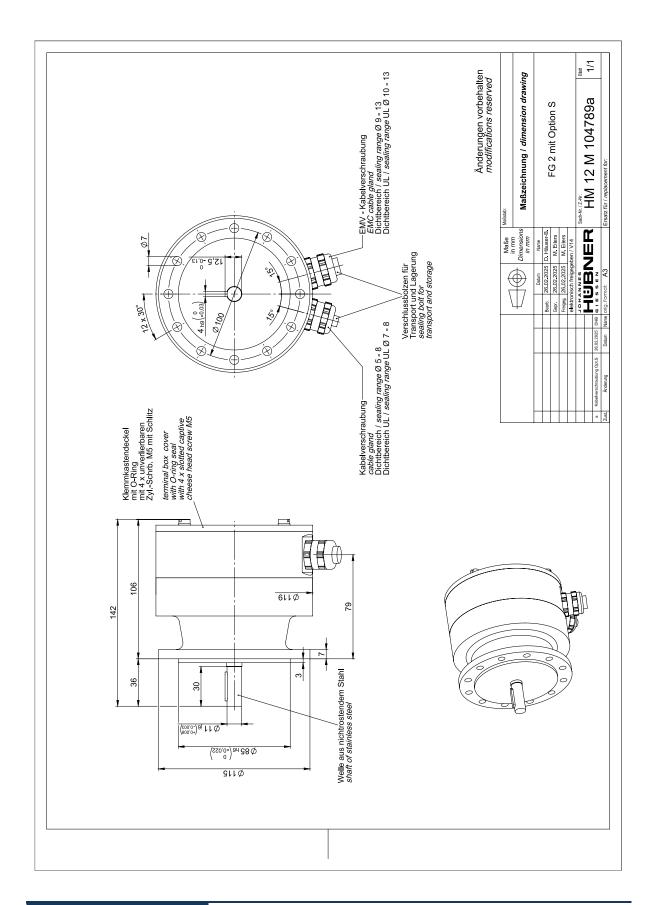




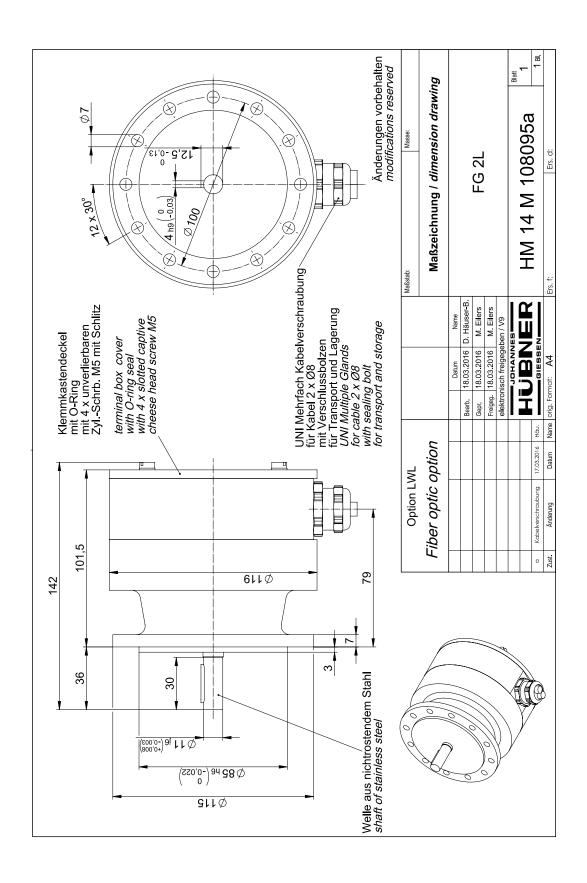




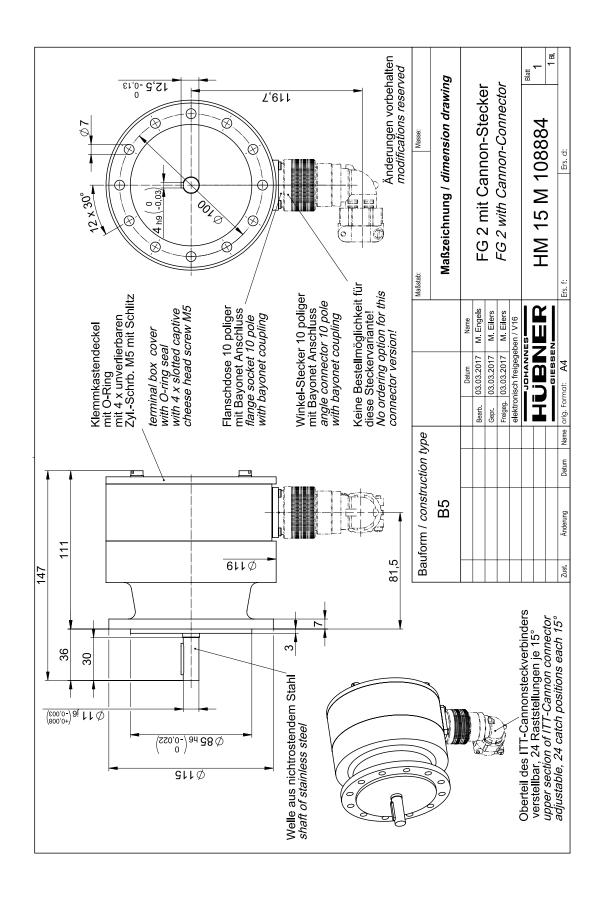




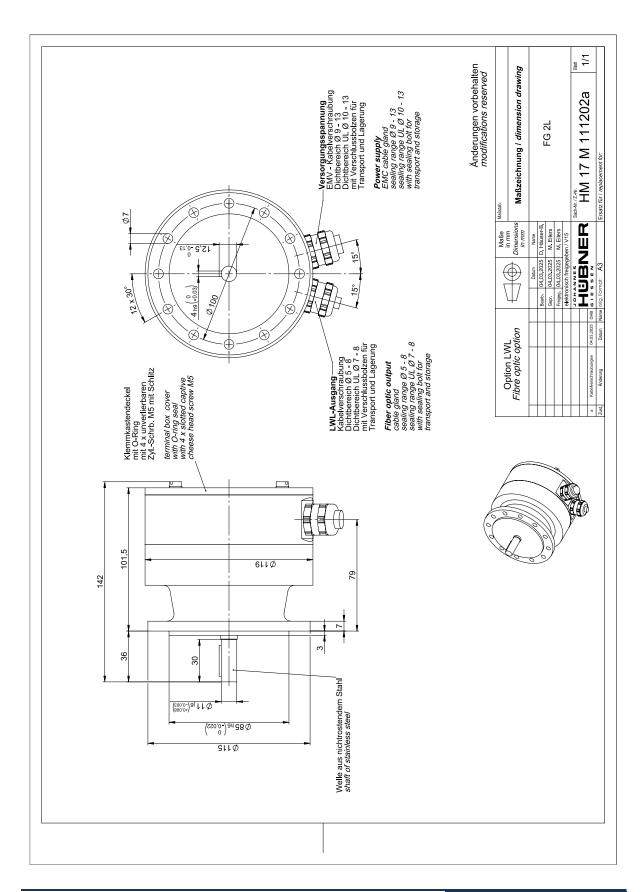




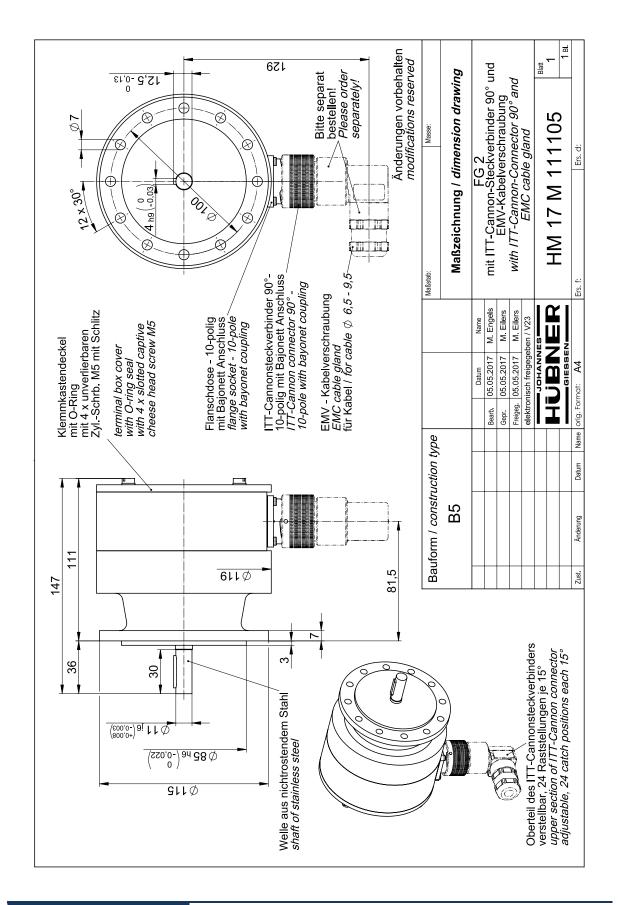














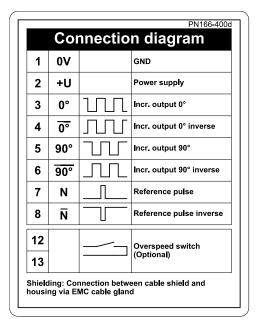
## 13 Connection diagrams

## 13.1 Terminal box



## **NOTES!**

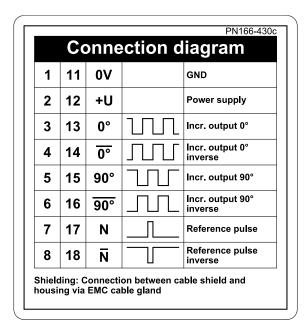
The connection diagrams are displayed in each terminal box cover!



	Conne	PN166-420b ection diagram
1	+U	Power supply
2	0V	GND
3	LWL	Fibre optic connection
<b>4 5</b>		Overspeed switch (Optional)

## Connection technology AK

## Connection technology AL



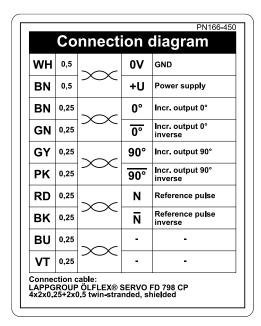
Connection technology AKK

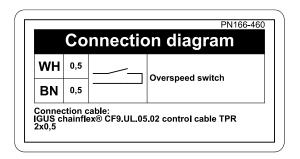
## 13.2 Connection cable



## NOTES!

The connection diagrams are attached to each cable!

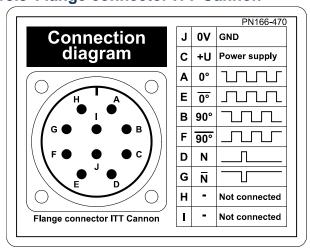




Connection cable

Connection cable (option S)

## 13.3 Flange connector ITT-Cannon



10-pole-flange connector ITT Cannon